

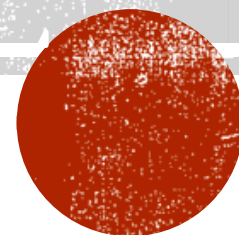
A SYN-SELECTIVE AZA-ALDOL REACTION OF BORON AZA-ENOLATES GENERATED FROM N-SULFONYL-1,2,3-TRIAZOLES AND 9-BBN-H

Tomoya Miura, Takayuki Nakamuro, Sho Miyakawa, Mashiro Murakami

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., **2016**, 55, *early view*

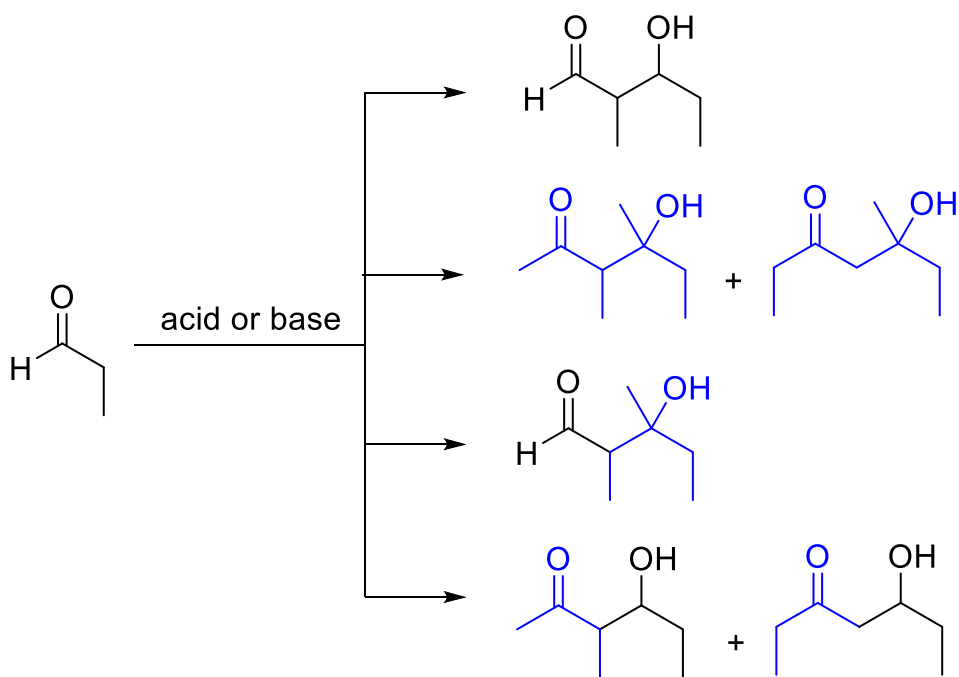
Serene Tai

Current Literature 6/18/2016



ALDOL REACTIONS

Classical aldol addition



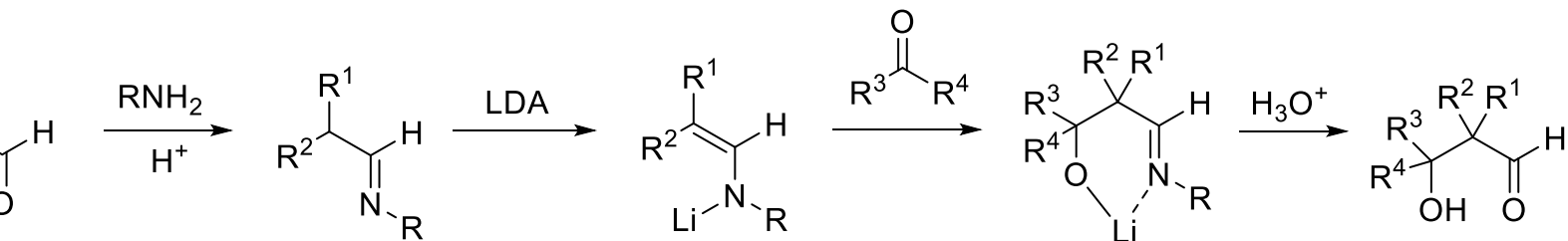
Directed aldol addition



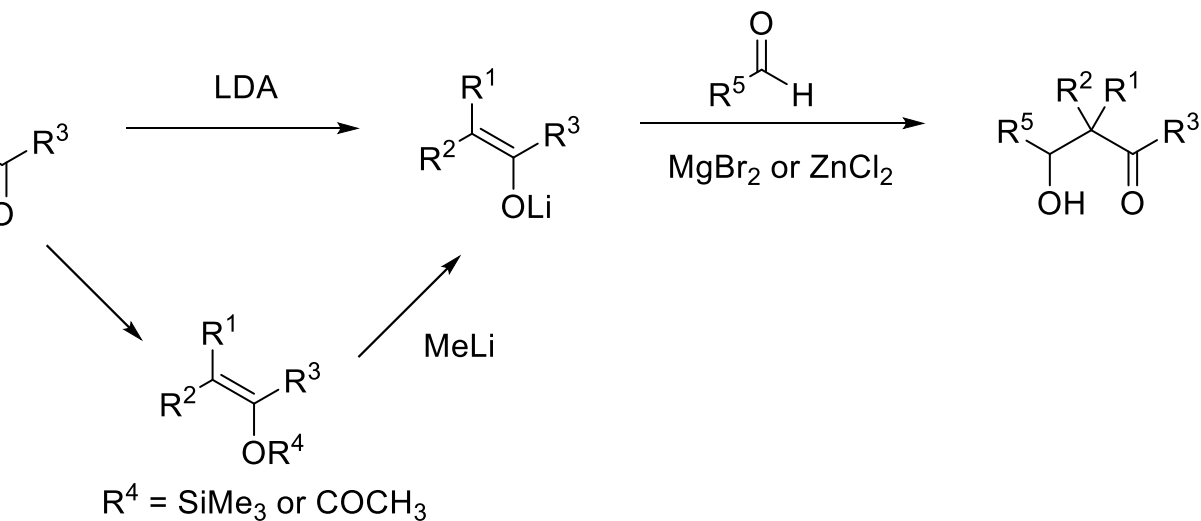
M = Li, B, Ti, Si, Al, Mg, Zn, Zr...

SELECTED CROSS-ALDOL REACTION

Lithium enamide-aldol reaction (Wittig 1963)



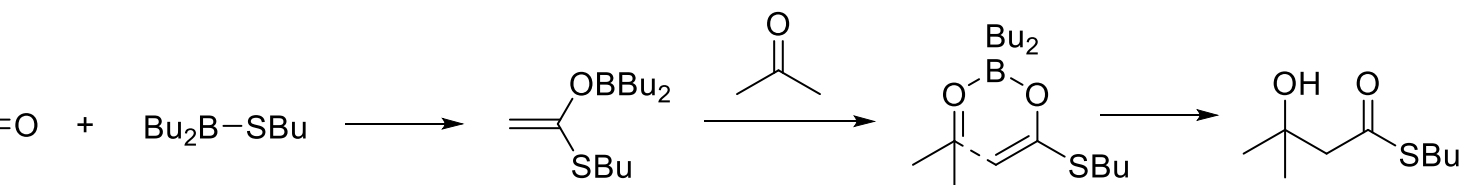
Lithium enolate-aldol reaction (House 1973)



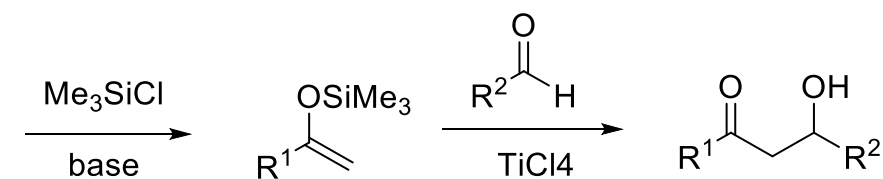
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. **1963**, *2*, 683-684
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **1973**, *95*, 3310-3324

KAIYAMA ALDOL REACTION (1973)

Iron enolate-aldol reaction



Iron enol ether-aldol reaction

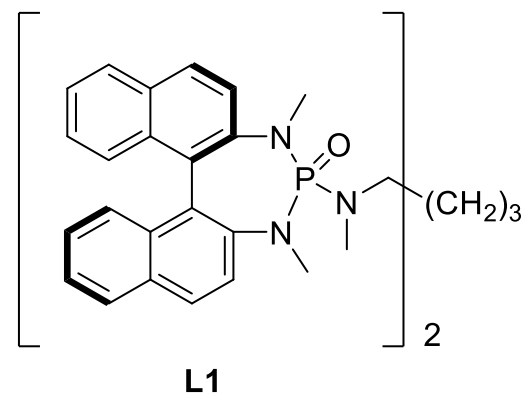
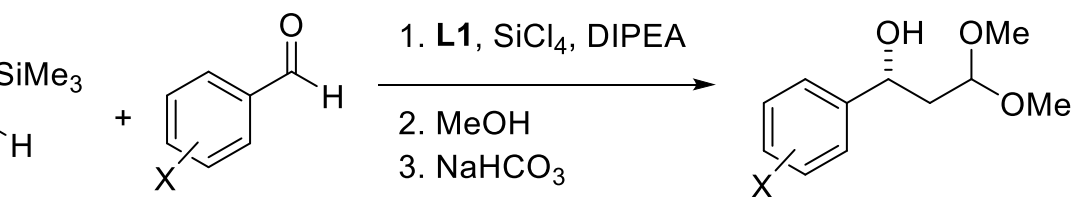


J. Am. Chem. Soc. **1973**, *95*, 967-968

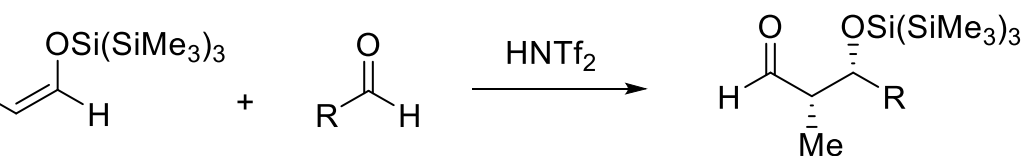
Chem. Lett. **1973**, 1011-1014; **1974**, 15; **1975**, 989

ALDEHYDE-ALDEHYDE ALDOL REACTION

base catalyzed



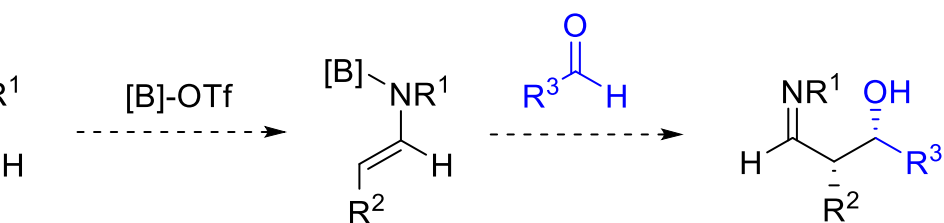
acid catalyzed



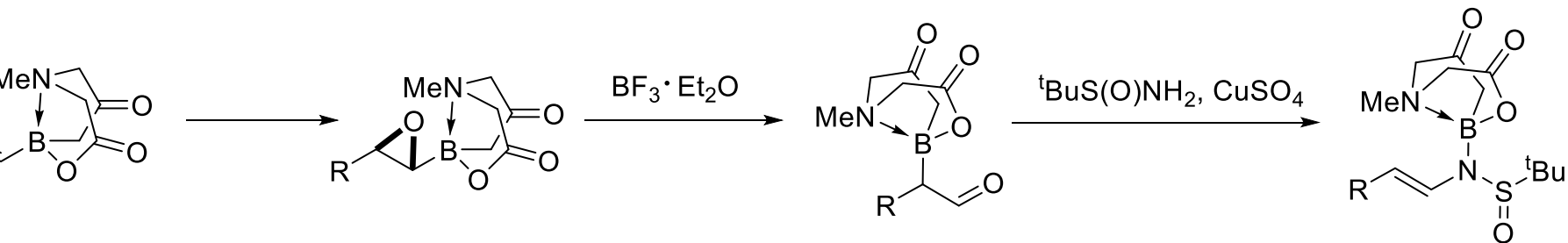
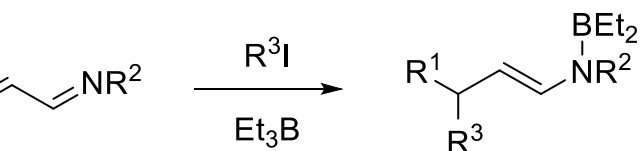
syn/anti = 80:20 to >95:5

J. Org. Chem. **2005**, *70*, 10190-10193
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2006**, *128*, 48-49

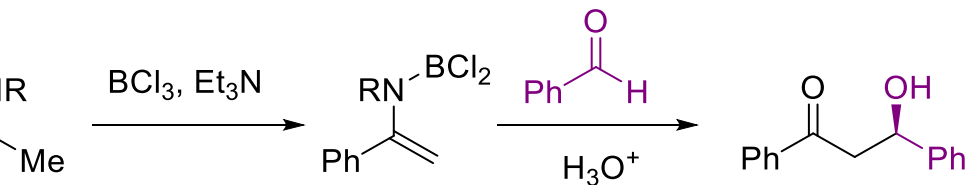
IRON AZA-ENOLATES



- Aldimines derived enolate

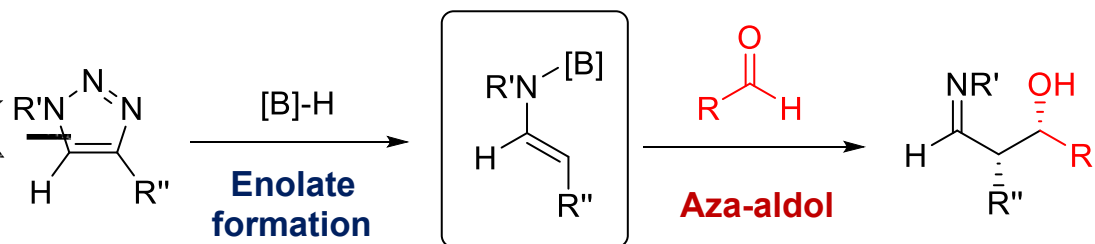


- Ketimines derived enolate

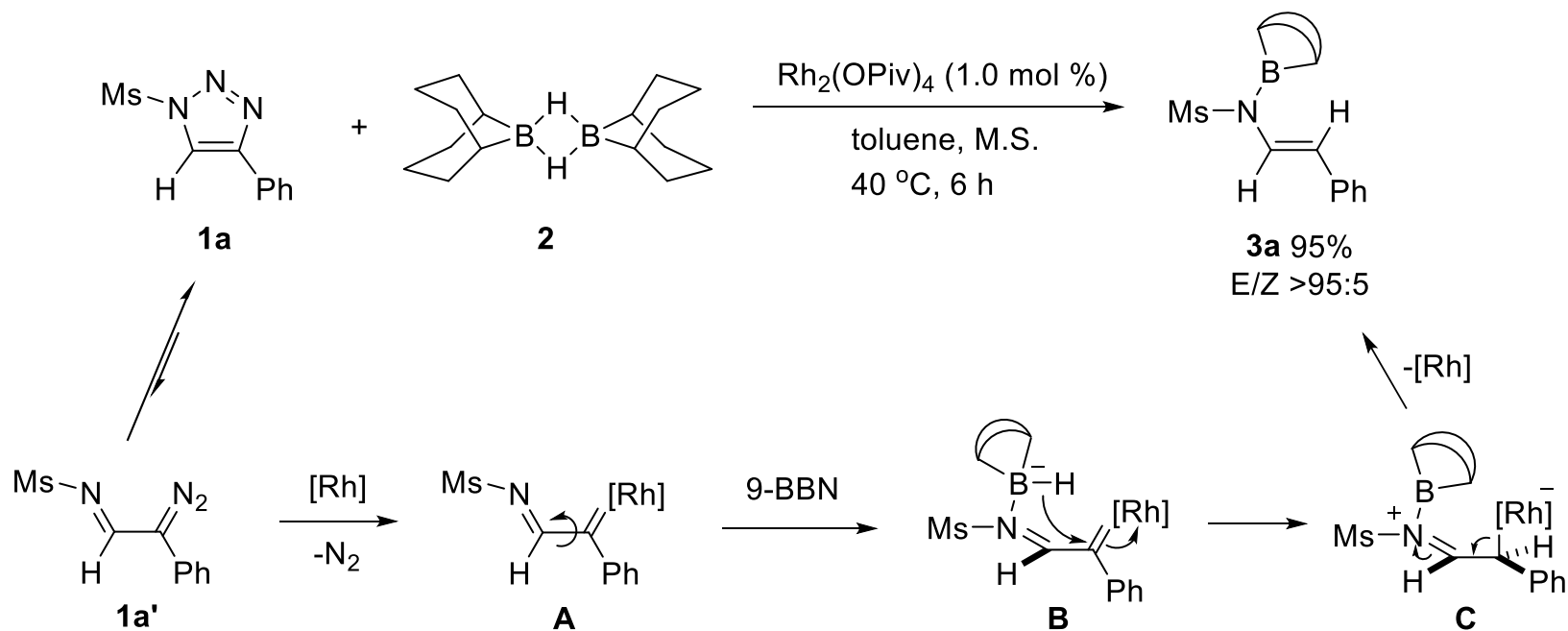


Org Lett. **2009**, *11*, 4632; J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2011**, *133*, 13770
Tetrahedron. Lett. **1979**, *20*, 1423

THIS WORK

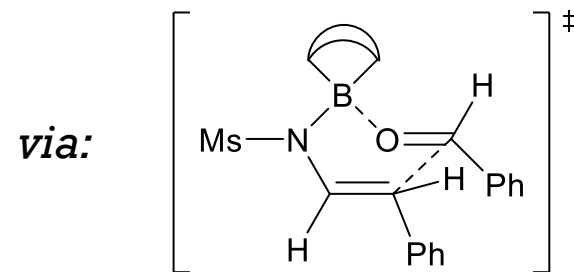
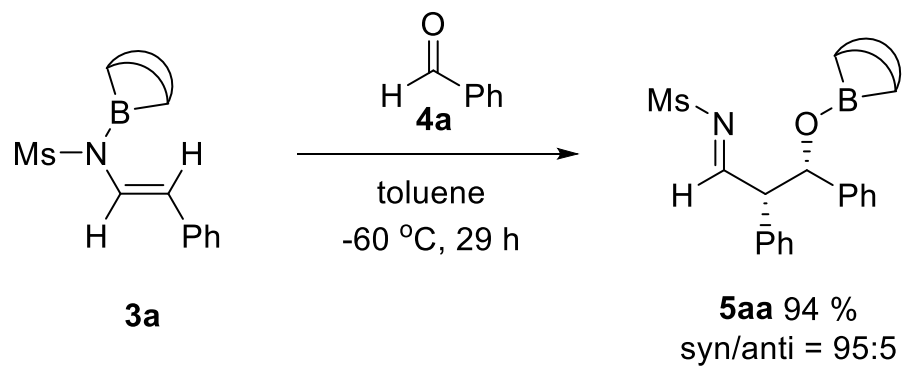


Step 1: Boron aza-enolate formation

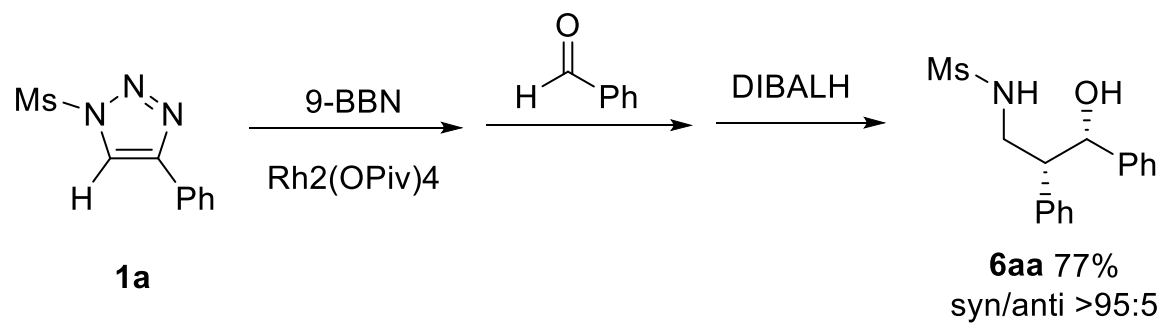


J. Am. Soc. Chem. **2012**, *134*, 14670; **2013**, *135*, 12076

Step 2: Aza-aldol reaction

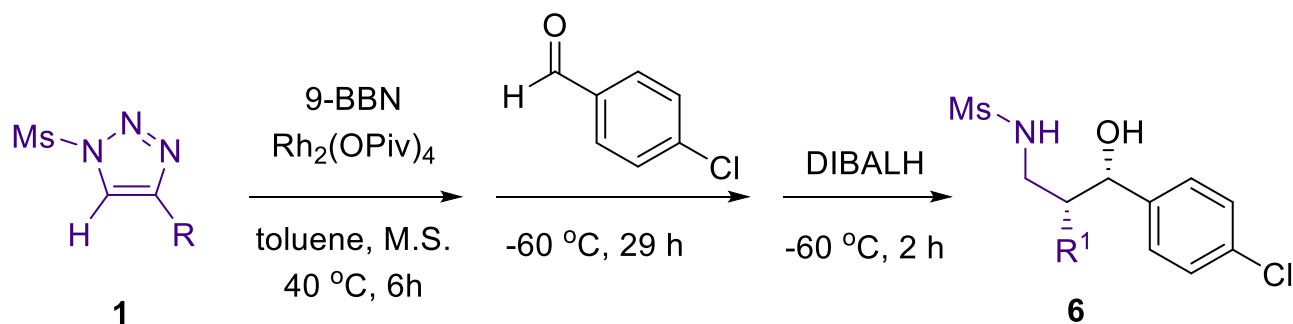


One-pot sequence



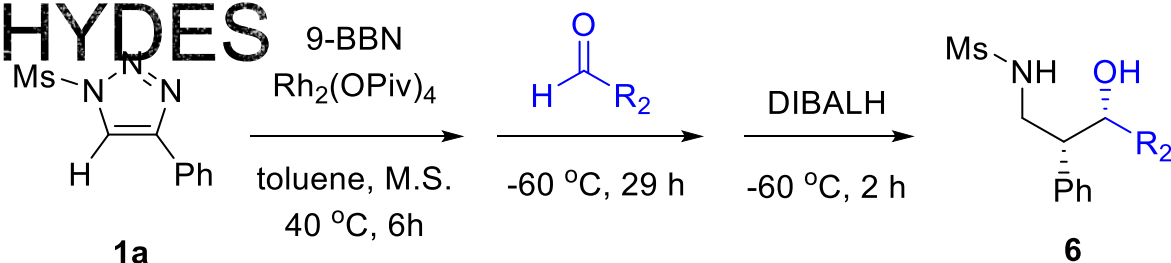
Tetrahedron. **1995**, *51*, 485

SCOPE OF TRIAZOLES



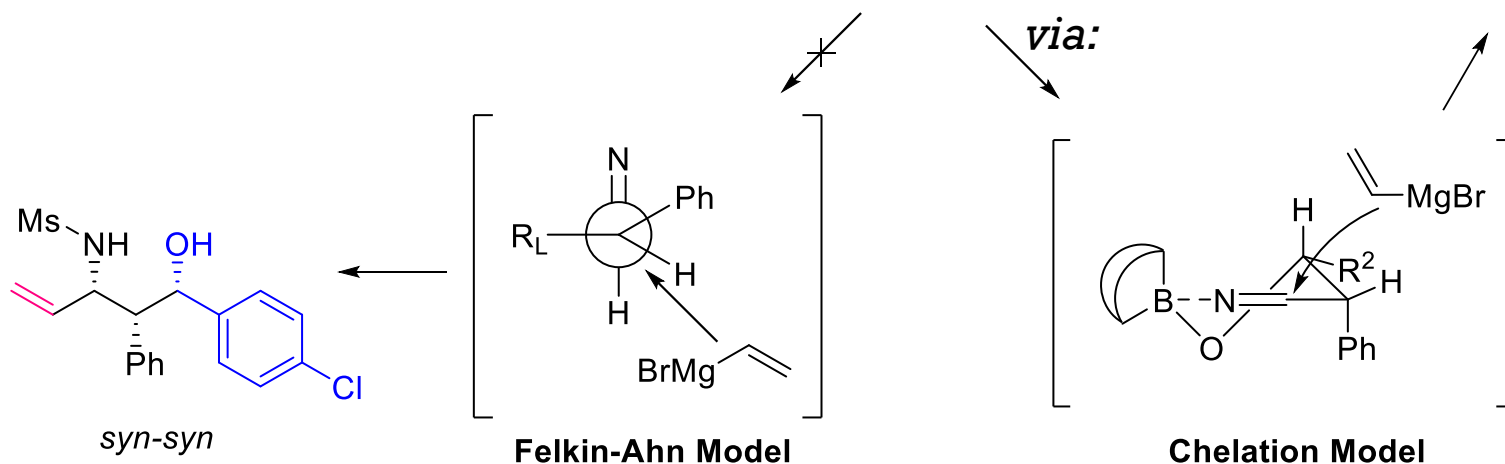
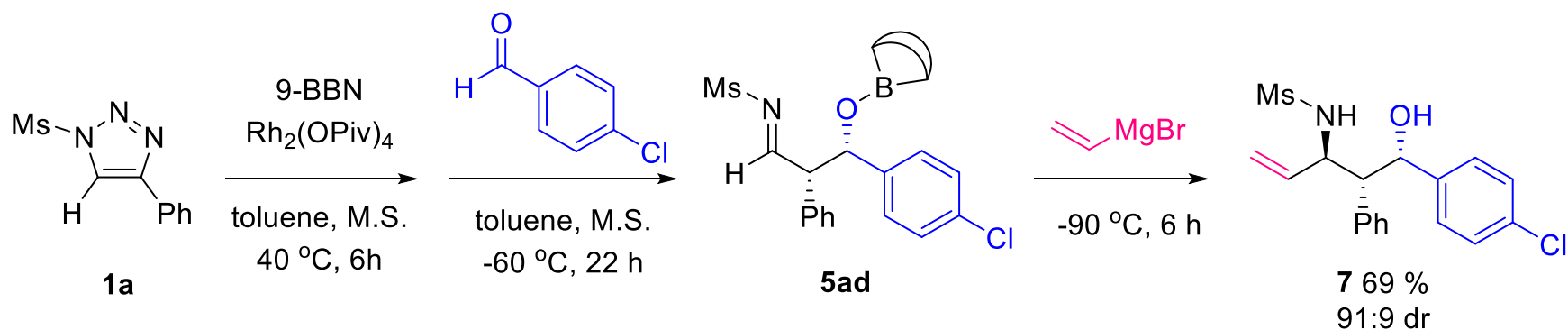
Entry	1	R^1	6	Yield [%] ^[b]	<i>syn/anti</i> ^[c]
1	1b	<i>p</i> -MeC ₆ H ₄	6bd	60 ^[d]	> 95:5
2	1c	<i>p</i> -CF ₃ C ₆ H ₄	6cd	76 ^[e]	92:8
3	1d	<i>p</i> -MeOC ₆ H ₄	6dd	55	> 95:5
4	1e	<i>p</i> -FC ₆ H ₄	6ed	74 ^[f]	> 95:5
5	1f	<i>p</i> -IC ₆ H ₄	6fd	76	> 95:5
6	1g	<i>m</i> -MeC ₆ H ₄	6gd	70	> 95:5
7	1h	3-thienyl	6hd	69	> 95:5

PE OF ALDEHYDES



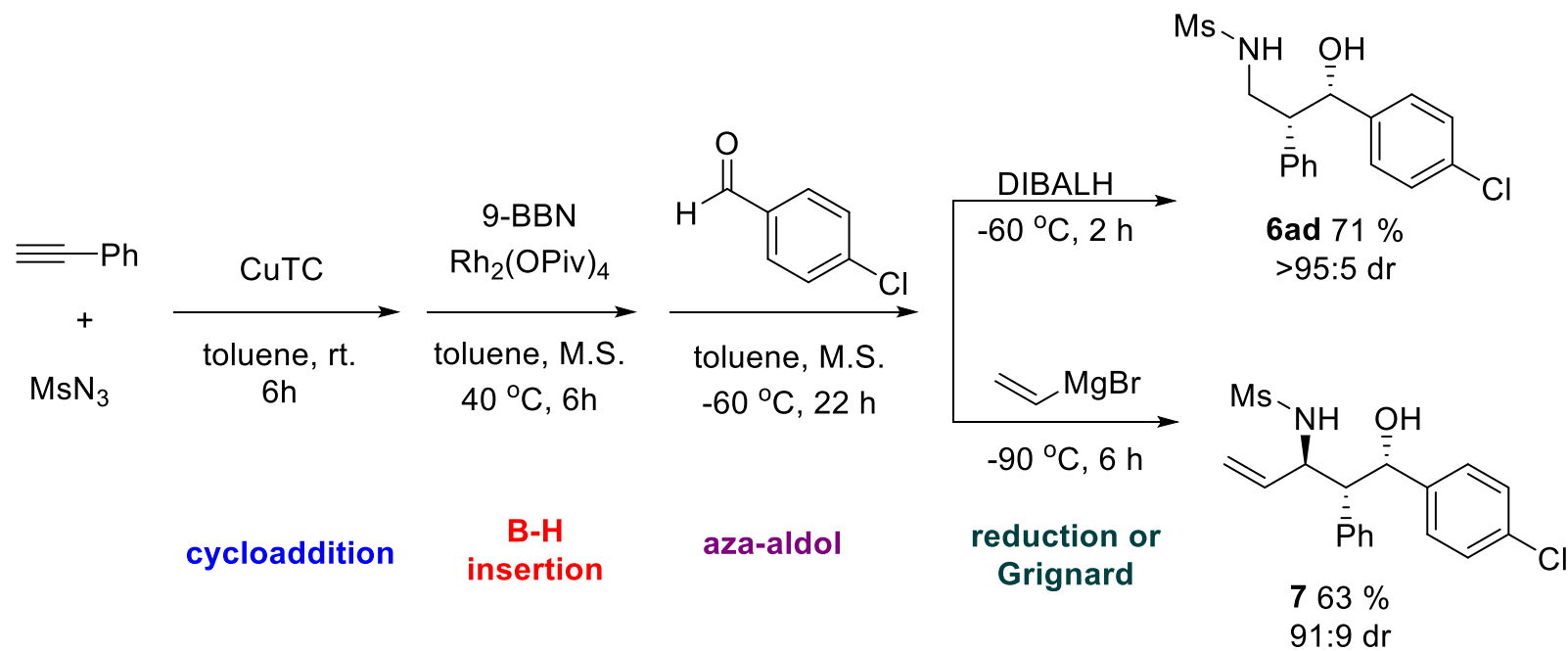
Entry	4	R^2	6	Yield [%] ^[b]	<i>syn/anti</i> ^[c]
1	4b	<i>p</i> -MeC ₆ H ₄	6 ab	80 ^[d]	> 95:5
2	4c	<i>p</i> -NO ₂ C ₆ H ₄	6 ac	67	94:6
			(X-ray)		
3	4d	<i>p</i> -ClC ₆ H ₄	6 ad	76	> 95:5
4	4e	<i>m</i> -MeC ₆ H ₄	6 ae	72	> 95:5
5	4f	<i>m</i> -MeOC ₆ H ₄	6 af	79 ^[e]	> 95:5
6	4g	<i>o</i> -MeC ₆ H ₄	6 ag	80	> 95:5
7	4h	2-furyl	6 ah	76 ^[d]	> 95:5
8	4i	1- <i>tert</i> -butoxy-carbonyl-3-indolyl	6 ai	49	> 95:5
9	4j	(<i>E</i>)-PhCH=CH	6 aj	75 ^[f]	93:7
10	4k	CH ₃ CH ₂	6 ak	75	89:11
11	4l	PhCH ₂ CH ₂	6 al	70 ^[d]	> 95:5
12	4m	(CH ₃) ₂ CHCH ₂	6 am	65	> 95:5
13	4n	<i>t</i> BuMe ₂ SiO(CH ₂) ₃	6 an	67	95:5
14	4o	HC≡C(CH ₂) ₄	6 ao	50 ^[g]	> 95:5
15	4p	cyclohexyl	6 ap	74	> 95:5

GENERATION OF 3 CONTIGUOUS STEREOCENTERS



Tetrahedron Lett. **1999**, *40*, 445

E-POT REACTION SEQUENCE



CONCLUSIONS

efficient one-pot reaction sequence

highly diastereoselective: (E)-enolate – syn product

production of contiguous stereocenters onto simple starting material – terminal alkynes

no side reactions observed